# Material Safety Data Sheet



#### SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SDS n°: FP16594 TriRoof Roofing Topcoat Page 1/25

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#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name TriRoof Roofing Topcoat

Chemical Name Gel Coat polyester for composites.

Pure substance/mixture Mixture

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

for food contact application.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Tricel Composites (GB)

Unit A, Fox Way, Off Atkinson Street, Leeds, West Yorkshire LS10 1PS

Tel: + 44 1132 703133

The supplier of the product is, among those indicated above, the one identified on the label and / or in the sales documents

For further information, please contact

E-mail address sales@triroof.co.uk
Internet Address https://www.triroof.co.uk

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#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

This telephone number is available 24 hours per day, 7 days per week.			
Europe : +44 1235 239 670			
Middle East/Africa :	+44 1235 239 671		
East/South East Asia :	+65 3158 1412		
America :	+1 215 207 0061		

Poison Information Centre telephone number

European emergency phone number: 112

UK: National Poisons Emergency Number: 0845 4647

Ireland : National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC)Telephone Healthcare

 $Professionals: +353 \ (01) \ 809 \ 2566. \ (24 \ hour \ service) Telephone \ Members \ of \ Public:$ 

+353 (01) 809 2166. (8.00 a.m. to 10.00 p.m. 7 days a week)

#### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification of the substance or mixture - GHS/CLP (n° 1272/2008)

Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2 - (H315)
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2 - (H319)
Skin Sensitization	Category 1 Sub-category 1A - (H317)
Reproductive Toxicity	Category 2 - (H361)
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)	Category 3 - (H335)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Category 1 - (H372)
Chronic Aquatic Toxicity	Category 3 - (H412)
Flammable liquids	Category 3 - (H226)

#### 2.2. Label elements

Contains cobalt octoate, Styrene







Signal word

Danger

**Hazard statements** 

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction H319 - Causes serious eye irritation H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Physical hazards H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

**EU H -Phrases** 

EUH208 - Contains phthalic anhydride- May produce an allergic reaction.

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**Precautionary statements** 

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P260 - Do not breathe vapour

P273 - Avoid release to the environment

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

#### 2.3. Other hazards

PBT/vPvB see section 12.5.

#### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2. Mixtures

**Hazardous components** 

Chemical Name	EC-No	REACH Registration Number	CAS-No	Weight percent	GHS Classification
Styrene	202-851-5	01-2119457861-32	100-42-5	~ 32	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Repr. 2 (H361d) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT RE 1 (H372) Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412)
Talc	238-877-9	01-2120140278-58	14807-96-6	~ 6	-
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free	231-545-4	01-2119379499-16	112945-52-5	~ 5	-
Titanium dioxide	236-675-5	01-2119489379-17	13463-67-7	~ 4	-
phthalic anhydride	201-607-5	01-2119457017-41	85-44-9	0.1 - < 1	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Skin Sens. 1 (H317) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Resp. Sens. 1 (H334) STOT SE 3 (H335)
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)pr opanol	252-104-2	01-2119450011-60	34590-94-8	< 0.5	-
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes	232-315-6	01-2119488076-30	8002-74-2	< 0.5	-
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	919-446-0	01-2119458049-33	64742-82-1	< 0.25	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) STOT SE 3 (H336) STOT RE 1 (H372) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411) (EUH066)
cobalt octoate	205-250-6	01-2119524678-29	136-52-7	~ 0.1	Skin Sens. 1A (H317) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Repr. 1B (H360Fd) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412)

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For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

#### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

**Eye Contact** Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids.

> Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician

Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothes

and shoes

If skin irritation persists, call a physician

Inhalation Move to fresh air

If not breathing, give artificial respiration

Consult a physician

Do NOT induce vomiting Ingestion

> Rinse mouth. Consult a physician

Protection of first-aiders Use personal protective equipment

See section 8 for more information

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Eye Contact** Irritating to eyes

Skin contact Irritating to skin

May cause sensitisation by skin contact

Inhalation Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation

> Irritating to respiratory system May produce an allergic reaction.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician No information available

#### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Dry chemical, Foam, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), (closed systems)

**Extinguishing Media Which Must** not be Used for Safety Reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Special exposure hazards arising from the substance or preparation itself, combustion products, resulting gases

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Most vapours are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks) Heating or fire can release toxic gas: Carbon monoxide

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#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

Other information Cool containers / tanks with water spray.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in

accordance with local regulations.

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Personal precautions

Remove all sources of ignition Heat, flames and sparks.

Take precautionary measures against static charges.

Ensure adequate ventilation Use personal protective equipment

For emergency responders

Avoid breathing vapours or mists In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe

fumes. Use personal protective equipment

#### **6.2.** Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** 

The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand,

earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to

local / national regulations (see section 13)

Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 8 for more information

See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information

#### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling Avoid static electricity build up with connection to earth

Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment

For personal protection see section 8

Prevention of fire and explosion Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition Empty containers

may contain flammable or explosive vapours

Hygiene measures When using, do not eat, drink or smoke Wash hands before breaks and at the end of

workday. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures/Storage

conditions

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep at temperature not exceeding 30°C

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

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Materials to avoid Strong oxidizing agents, Catalyst, Peroxides, Reducing agents

Packageing material metallic GRP Tanks (Reinforced Glass Polyester)

Unsuitable materials for containers copper, Copper alloys, Bronze, Zinc

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) No information available

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational Exposure limits

Chemical Name	European Union	ACGIH OEL (Ceiling)	The United Kingdom	Ireland
Styrene 100-42-5	-	ACGIH (2020): TLV-TWA: 10 ppm TLV-STEL/C: 20 ppm Notes: OTO, A3, BEI Critical effects: CNS and hearing impairment, URT irr, peripheral neuropathy visual disorders	STEL 250 ppm STEL 1080 mg/m³ TWA 100 ppm TWA 430 mg/m³	TWA 20 ppm TWA 85 mg/m³ STEL 40 ppm STEL 170 mg/m³
Talc 14807-96-6		TWA 2 mg/m³	STEL 3 mg/m³ TWA 1 mg/m³	TWA 10 mg/m³ TWA 0.8 mg/m³
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7		TWA 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL 30 mg/m³ STEL 12 mg/m³ TWA 10 mg/m³ TWA 4 mg/m³	TWA 10 mg/m³ TWA 4 mg/m³
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9		TWA 1 ppm	STEL 12 mg/m³ TWA 4 mg/m³ Sen+	TWA 4 mg/m³ STEL 12 mg/m³ Sensitizer
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)pr opanol 34590-94-8	TWA 50 ppm TWA 308 mg/m³ S*	TWA 100 ppm	STEL 150 ppm STEL 924 mg/m³ TWA 50 ppm TWA 308 mg/m³ Skin	TWA 50 ppm TWA 308 mg/m³ Skin
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2		TWA 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL 6 mg/m³ TWA 2 mg/m³	TWA 2 mg/m³ STEL 6 mg/m³
cobalt octoate 136-52-7		0.02 mg/m³	STEL 0.3 mg/m³ TWA 0.1 mg/m³ Sen+	TWA 0.1 mg/m³ Sensitizer

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

#### Biological standards

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

Delived NO Lilect Level (DIVL	erived no Effect Lever (DNEL)				
	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)				
	;	Styrene (100-42-5)			
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark	
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect		406 mg/Kg bw/day	85 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Workers - Acute Short Term - Local effect			306 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Workers - Acute Short term - Systemic effect			289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
General Population - Acute Short Term - Local effect			182.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
General Population - Acute Short Term - Systemic effect			174.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	2.1 mg/Kg bw/day	343 mg/Kg bw/day	10.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		

Talc (14807-96-6)

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Type	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark
Workers - Acute Short term - Systemic effect			2.16 mg/m³	
Norkers - Acute Short Term - Local effect			3.6 mg/m³	
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect		43.2 mg/kg bw/day	2.16 mg/m³	
Workers - Long Term - Local effect		4.54 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	3.6 mg/m³	
General Population - Acute Short Term - Systemic effect			1.08 mg/m³	
General Population - Acute Short Term - Local effect			1.8 mg/m³	
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	160 mg/kg bw/day	21.6 mg/kg bw/day	1.08 mg/m³	
General Population - Long Term - Local effect		2.27 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	1.8 mg/m³	
	Silica, amorphous,	fumed, crystalline-free	(112945-52-5)	
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect			4 mg/m³	
	Titani	um dioxide (13463-67-7)		
Type	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark
Workers - Long Term - Local effect	222 5.4	2.122 doa.	10 mg/m³	
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	700 mg/kg bw/day			
	nhtha	alic anhydride (85-44-9)		
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect	BIVEE oran	10 mg/kg bw/day	32.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	rtomant
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	5 mg/kg bw/day	5 mg/kg bw/day	8.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	(2-methoxymet	hylethoxy)propanol (34	590-94-8)	
Type	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect	DIVLE GIAI	283 mg/kg bw/day	308 mg/m³	Noman
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	36 mg/kg bw/day	121 mg/kg bw/day	37.2 mg/m³	
•	as C0 C12 n alkanas	isaalkanas avalias ar	omatics (2-25%) (64742-	22.4\
Type	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect	DINET O[9]	21 mg/kg bw/day	330 mg/m³	Nemark
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	21 mg/kg bw/day	12 mg/kg bw/day	71 mg/m³	
	ooh	alt octoate (136-52-7)	•	
Type	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark
Type Workers - Long Term - Local effect	DINEL OIGI	DIVEL GEITIGI	235.1 µg/m³	Nemark
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	175 μg/kg bw/day			
General Population - Long			37 μg/m <sup>3</sup>	

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Predicted No Effect Concentration

PNEC Component Styrene (100-42-5)		
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	0.028 mg/L
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	0.014 mg/L
Intermittent use/release	PNEC Aqua	0.04 mg/L
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	0.614 mg/Kg.dw
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	0.307 mg/Kg.dw
Terrestrial Compartment	PNEC Soil	0.2 mg/Kg.dw
STP microorganisms	PNEC STP	5 mg/L

	Talc (14807-96-6)	
Exposure	Туре	PNEC
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	141.26 mg/L
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	597.97 mg/L
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	3.13 mg/kg sediment dw
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	31.33 mg/kg sediment dw

Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)				
Exposure	Туре	PNEC		
Secondary Poisoning PNEC Oral 60000 mg/kg				

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)			
Exposure	Туре	PNEC	
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	0.127 mg/L	
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	1 mg/L	
Intermittent use/release	PNEC Aqua	0.61 mg/L	
	PNEC STP	100 mg/L	
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	1000 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	100 mg/kg sediment dw	
	PNEC Soil	100 mg/kg soil dw	
Secondary Poisoning	PNEC Oral	1667 mg/kg food	

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)				
Exposure	Type	PNEC		
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	1 mg/L		
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	0.1 mg/L		
Intermittent use/release	PNEC Aqua	5.6 mg/L		
	PNEC STP	10 mg/L		
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	3.8 mg/kg sediment dw		
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	0.38 mg/kg sediment dw		
Terrestrial Compartment	PNEC Soil	0.173 mg/kg soil dw		

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol (34590-94-8)			
Exposure	Туре	PNEC	
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	1.9 mg/L	
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	19 mg/L	
Intermittent use/release	PNEC Aqua	190 mg/L	
	PNEC STP	4168 mg/L	
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	70.2 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	7.02 mg/kg sediment dw	
	PNEC Soil	2.74 mg/kg soil dw	

	cobalt octoate (136-52-7)	
Exposure	Type	PNEC
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	0.62 μg/L

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Marine water	PNEC Aqua	2.36 μg/L
STP microorganisms	PNEC STP	0.37 mg/L
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	53.8 mg/kg sediment dw
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	69.8 mg/kg sediment dw
Terrestrial Compartment	PNEC Soil	10.9 mg/kg soil dw

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Occupational exposure controls

**Engineering measures** Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

When working in confined spaces (tanks, containers, etc.), ensure that there is a supply

of air suitable for breathing and wear the recommended equipment

Personal protective equipment

**General Information** Use personal protective equipment.

**Respiratory protection** Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour)

If exposure limits are likely to be exceeded / In case of insufficient ventilation wear

suitable respiratory equipment:

Breathing apparatus with filter Type A (Organic gases and vapours filter conforming to

EN 14387, APF 40 < 1 hour, APF 200 > 1 hour) / Type A(2)/P3 in combination with

Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 , if exposed to dust

Eye protection

Skin and body protection Hand protection

Safety glasses with side-shields. Do not wear contact lenses.

Antistatic boots. Protective shoes or boots. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN 374) in combination with 'basic'

employee training

Glove material: Neoprene, Nitriles, Viton (R) or Polyvinyl alcohol

Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or

chemical breakthrough.

Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

#### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Property</u>	<u>Values</u>	<u>Remark</u>
Appearance	Variable (This Data Sheet includes all the d	colours)
Physical state	Liquid	
Particle size	Others and	no data available
Odour	Styrene	Values related to atmosp
Odour Threshold	0.15 ppm	Values related to styrene
pH		no data available
pH (as aqueous solution)	20.00	no data available
Melting point/range	- 30 °C	Values related to styrene
Freezing Point		no data available
Boiling point	145 °C	Values related to styrene
Flash point	31 °C	Values related to styrene
Evapouration rate		no data available
Flammability Limits in Air		
upper	6,1 - 6,8%	Values related to styrene
lower	0,9 -1,1%	Values related to styrene
Vapour pressure	6 hPa	20°C
Vapour density	3.6	Values related to styrene
Density	1.1 - 1.4 g/cm3	20°C
Water solubility	Insoluble in water	
Partition coefficient:	3	Values related to styrene
n-octanol/water		·
Autoignition temperature	490 °C	Values related to styrene

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no data available **Decomposition temperature** 

Viscosity, kinematic 9091 - 27273 mm2/s 20°C Viscosity, dynamic 10000 - 30000 mPa.s 20°C

not applicable **Explosive properties Oxidizing properties** not applicable

9.2. Other information

**Property Values** Remark

Solubility in other solvents Soluble in most organic solvents

#### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity Product may ignite and burn at temperatures exceeding the flash point

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Hazardous reactions** In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

**Hazardous polymerisation** Polymerisation can occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Exposure to light.

Take precautionary measures against static charges.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong oxidizing agents, Catalyst, Peroxides, Reducing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

**Hazardous decomposition** Incomplete combustion and thermolysis produces potentially toxic gases such as carbon

products monoxide and carbon dioxide

#### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** 

Inhalation Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation

Irritating to respiratory system May produce an allergic reaction.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Chemical Name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg bw (Rat) 24h OECD 402	11.8 mg/L (Rat) 4h CSR	
Talc 14807-96-6	> 5000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 423	> 2000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 402		
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	> 5000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 401	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 0.14 mg/L air (Rat) 4h (analytical) OECD 403	
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	> 5000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 425	> 10000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 6,82 mg/L air (Rat) 4h	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	1530 mg/kg bw (Rat)	> 3160 mg/kg bw (Rabbit)	> 2.14 mg/L (Rat) 4h OECD 403	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)pr opanol 34590-94-8	> 5000 mg/kg bw (Rat) Similar to OECD 401	9510 mg/kg bw(Rabbit) 24h Similar to OECD 402	LC0 (7h) > 275 ppm (1667 mg/m³) (Rat) Similar to OECD 403	

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#### Skin corrosion/irritation

**SDS n°:** FP16594

Chemical Name	Skin corrosion/irritation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	Irritating to skin in vivo assay rabbit	
Talc 14807-96-6	No skin irritation in vivo assay in vitro study rabbit OECD 404 EU Method B.46	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	No skin irritation rabbit OECD 404	
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	No skin irritation No skin corrosion in vivo assay rabbit OECD 404	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	Irritating to skin in vivo assay rabbit OECD 404	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol 34590-94-8	No skin irritation in vivo assay rabbit similar to OECD 404	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	No skin irritation in vivo assay rabbit OECD 404	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	No skin irritation in vivo assay rabbit OECD 404	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	No skin corrosion in vitro study OECD 431 EU Method B. 40	

#### Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Chemical Name	Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	Irritating to eyes in vivo assay rabbit	
Talc 14807-96-6	No eye irritation in vivo assay (rabbit) OECD 405	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	No eye irritation rabbit OECD 405	
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	No eye irritation in vivo assay rabbit OECD 405	

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phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	Irritating to eyes in vivo assay rabbit Draize Test	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol 34590-94-8	No eye irritation in vivo assay	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	No eye irritation in vivo assay rabbit OECD 405	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	No eye irritation in vivo assay (rabbit) OECD 405	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	Moderate eye irritation OECD 437 EU Method B.47 Irritating to eyes rabbit OECD 405	

Respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause sensitisation by skin contact

Chemical Name	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	Does not cause skin sensitization Does not cause respiratory sensitization CSR	
Talc 14807-96-6	Does not cause skin sensitization in vivo assay guinea pig OECD 406	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	Does not cause skin sensitization Does not cause respiratory sensitization	
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	Does not cause skin sensitization in vivo assay guinea pig OECD 406 mouse OECD 429	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact in vivo assay guinea pig OECD 406	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol 34590-94-8	Does not cause skin sensitization in vivo assay	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	Does not cause skin sensitization in vivo assay guinea pig OECD 406 EU Method B.6	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	Does not cause skin sensitization in vivo assay guinea pig OECD 406	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	May cause sensitisation by skin contact in vivo assay mouse OECD 429	

#### Mutagenic Effects

#### in vitro study

**SDS n°:** FP16594

Chemical Name	Ames test	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene	Ambiguous	
100-42-5	In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria	
	(S. typhimurium G46, TA1530, TA 1535, TA100, TA98,	
	TA1538, TA 1537)	
	OECD 471	

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Talc 14807-96-6	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria Salmonella sp. similar to OECD 471 EU Method B.13/14	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria OECD 471	
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria OECD 471	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98, TA100 and TA 102) (Escherichia coli WP2 uvrA) OECD 471	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol 34590-94-8	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (Escherichia coli WP2 uvrA) similar to OECD 471	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100) (Escherichia coli WP2 uvrA) OECD 471	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (S. typhimurium, other: S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98, TA 100, TA 1538) similar to OECD 471	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98, TA100 and TA 102) OECD 471	Cas N°: 68956-82-1, 14024-48-7

Chemical Name	In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	Ambiguous In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells hamster OECD 476	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells OECD 476	
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells mouse OECD 476	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells hamster OECD 476	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol 34590-94-8	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells rat similar to OECD 482	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells mouse OECD 476	

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cobalt octoate 136-52-7	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells mouse OECD 476	Cas N°: 7440-48-4, 1308-06-1, 10124-43-3, 12016-80-7
Chemical Name	In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	positive Chromosome aberration test in vitro OECD 473 OECD 479	
Talc 14807-96-6	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro rat similar to OECD 473 EU Method B.10	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro OECD 473	
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro hamster OECD 473	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	Ambiguous Chromosome aberration test in vitro hamster OECD 473	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol 34590-94-8	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro hamster similar to OECD 473	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro hamster similar to OECD 473	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro similar to OECD 473	

#### in vivo assay

Chemical Name	Unscheduled DNA Synthesis (UDS)	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	negative mouse OECD 486 OECD 474	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	negative rat	
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	negative mouse	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	negative mouse similar to OECD 474	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	negative mouse similar to OECD 474 OECD 475	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	negative rat OECD 474 OECD 475	Cas N°: 68956-82-1, 14024-48-7, 10026-24-1

#### Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenici	
Styrene (100-4	5)

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Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
nhalation	OECD 453	rat	NOAEC systemic (carcinogenicity) >= 4.34	negative
nhalation	OECD 453	mouse	mg/L air (nominal)  LOAEC (carcinogenicity) female/male = 0.09 - 0.18 mg/L air resp., NOAEC (carcinogenicity) male = 0.09 mg/L air	positive
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (carcinogenicity) >= 2000 mg/kg bw /day	positive
Oral	No information available	mouse	LOAEL (carcinogenicity) = 150 mg/kg bw /day	positive
Tale (14907 06 6)	·	-	•	-
Talc (14807-96-6) Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	OECD 453	rat	NOAEL (101d) = 100 mg/kg bw/day	negative
nhalation	OECD 453	mouse	NOAEC (104 weeks) = 6-18 mg/m³ air	negative
nhalation	OECD 453	rat	NOAEC = 6-18 mg/m³ air	negative
Silica, amorphous. fume	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)			
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	OECD 453	rat	NOAEL = 1800 - 3200 mg/kg bw/day	negative
<b></b>		•	1 - 0 /	•
Titanium dioxide (13463-		To .		le
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
nhalation	OECD 453	rat	NOAEC lung tumours = 5 mg/m³ air	negative
Oral	No information available	rat	NOEL toxicity > 50000 ppm (nominal)	negative
phthalic anhydride (85-44	4-9)			
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	No information available	mouse	NOAEL (carcinogenicity, male) = 3570 mg/kg bw/day (72w) NOAEL (carcinogenicity, female) = 1785 mg/kg bw/day (72w)	negative
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (carcinogenicity) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w)	negative
Paraffin waxes and Hvdr	ocarbon waxes (8002-74-2)			
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Dermal		mouse	NOEL (carcinogenicity) = 128 mg/kg bw/day	negative
			, , ,	1
	n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	T
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
nhalation	similar to OECD 453	rat	NOAEC (female) >= 2 200 mg/m³ air NOAEC (male) = 138 mg/m³ air	negative
Reproductive toxicity				
Reproductive toxicity				
Styrene (100-42-5)	Mask	Ionasia.	Inco-	Tuelueti
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Inhalation	No information available	rat	NOAEL/LOAEL (fertility) 60d = 100 - 200 mg/kg	positive

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Oral	OECD 422	rat	NOAEL/LOAEL (fertility)	positive
Jiai	0100 422	lat	60d = 200 - 400 mg/kg bw/day	positive
nhalation	OECD 416	rat	NOAEC (P, F1) = 0.64 mg/L air LOAEC (P, F1) = 2.13 mg/L air NOAEC (F2) = 0.21 mg/L air LOAEC (F2) = 0.64 mg/L	negative
			air (70d)	
Talc (14807-96-6)				
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	similar to OECD 416	rabbit	NOAEL (reproduction & F1) > 900 mg/kg bw/day	negative
Silica, amorphous, fumed	I, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)			
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	OECD 415	rat	NOAEL = 497 mg/kg bw/day	negative
phthalic anhydride (85-44	-9)			
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	No information available	mouse	NOAEL (reproductive, male) = 3570 mg/kg bw/day (72w) NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1785 mg/kg bw/day (72w)	negative
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w)	negative
Paraffin waxes and Hydro	ocarbon waxes (8002-74-2)			
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	OECD 421	rat	NOAEL (p/ reproductive performance) >= 1000 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL Neonatal (F1) >= 1000 mg/kg bw/day Read across with: Chevron 100 Neutral	negative
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n	-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a	romatics (2-25%)	(64742-82-1)	
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Inhalation	similar to OECD 421	rat	NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³	negative
cobalt octoate (136-52-7)				
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422	rat	NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day	
Developmental Toxicity	y Suspected of d	amaging the unb	orn child.	
Developmental Toxicity Styrene (100-42-5)				
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Inhalation	No information available	rat	NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity + developemental toxicity) >50d = 1.08 - 2.15 mg/L air	positive

OECD 414

rat

Inhalation

LOAEC (maternal toxicity) positive 6-15d = 1.28 mg/L air

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Inhalation	OECD 414	rat	NOAEC (developmental toxicity) 6-15d >= 2.56 mg/L air	negative
Inhalation	OECD 414	rabbit	NOAEC (maternal toxicity + developmental toxicity) 6-18d = 2.56 mg/L air	negative
Silica amornhous fume	ed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5	١		
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	OECD 414	rat	NOAEL (maternal toxicity) = 1350 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL (teratogenicity) = 1350 mg/kg bw/day	
phthalic anhydride (85-4	14-9)			
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	Read-across (Analogy) phthalic acid Cas N° : 88-99-3	rat	NOAEL (maternal toxicity) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL (teratogenicity) = 1700 mg/kg bw/day	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy	v)propanol (34590-94-8)			
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Inhalation	EPA OTS 798.4350	rat	NOAEL (maternal tox/teretogenicity) 6-15d = 300 ppm	negative
Paraffin wayee and Hyd	rocarbon waxes (8002-74-2)			
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Dermal	OECD 414	rat	LOAEL (maternal toxicity) = 125 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL (teratogenicity) >= 2000 mg/kg bw/day Read across with: 100 SUS solvent refined base oil	negative
Hydrocarbons C0 C12	n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,	aromatics (2.25%)	(6A7A2 92 4)	
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Inhalation	similar to OECD 414	rat	NOAEL (maternal toxicity) >= 5220 mg/m³ air NOAEC (developmental Toxicity) >= 5220 mg/m³ air	

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause irritation of respiratory tract

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure , target organ(s) : Central nervous system , Ears

Styrene (100-42-5)				
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks
Inhalation	OECD 412	rat mouse	NOAEC male (28d) = 3.47 mg/L air NOAEC (ototoxicity) 28d = 2.13 mg/L air NOAEC (28d) = 0.181 mg/L air NOAEC (28d) = 0.688 mg/L air	

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			mg/kg bw /day	
			LOAEL (toxicity) = 300	
O I GI	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	1110000	mg/kg bw /day	
Oral	No information available	mouse	NOAEL (toxicity) = 150	1
			mg/kg bw/day	
			LOAEL (toxicity) = 2000	
		1	mg/kg bw/day	
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (toxicity) = 1000	
			mg/L air	
			NOAEC (overall) = 2.13	
			3.41 mg/L air	
			LOAEC (ototoxicity) =	
			0.85 mg/L air	
			NOAEC (ototoxicity) =	
			mg/L air	
			NOAEC (overall) = 2.13	
Inhalation	No information available	rat	NOAEC (nasal tract) = 0.85 mg/L air	

Talc (14807-96-6)					
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks	
Inhalation	similar to OECD 412	rat	NOAEC (20d) = 2-6-18 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Oral	similar to OECD 452	rat	NOAEL (101d) = 100 mg/kg bw/day		
Inhalation	similar to OECD 452	rat	NOAEC = 10.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> air		

Silica, amorphous, fume	Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)					
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks		
Oral	OECD 408	rat	NOEL (highest dose) 4000 <= 4500 mg/kg bw/day 90d			
Inhalation	OECD 413	rat	NOEC = $1.3 \text{ mg/m}^3$ air NOEC < $1.3 \text{ mg/m}^3$ air 90d			
Dermal	No information available	rabbit	NOAEL >= 10000 mg/kg bw/day			

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)				
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks
Oral	OECD 407		NOEL (29d) = 24000 mg/kg bw/day	
Inhalation	No information available		NOEC (carcinogenicity) = 50 mg/m³ air NOEC (non-neoplastic changes) = 10 mg/m³ air	

phthalic anhydride (85-4	14-9)			
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL = 1250 mg/kg bw/day LOAEL = 2500 mg/kg bw/day 7 weeks	
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (105 weeks) = 500 mg/kg bw/day	
Oral	No information available	mouse	LOAEL (male) = 2340 mg/kg bw/day LOAEL (female) = 1717 mg/kg bw/day 72 weeks	

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol (34590-94-8)

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Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks
Oral	KANPOGYO No.700, YAKUHATSU No. 1039.61 and KIKYKU No. 1014		NOEL/NOAEL (4 weeks) = 200/1000 mg/kg	
Inhalation	similar to OECD 413		NOAEL (13 weeks) = 200 ppm	
Dermal	similar to OECD 411		NOAEL (90d) = 2850 mg/kg bw/day	

Paraffin waxes and Hyd	rocarbon waxes (8002-74-2)			
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks
Dermal	Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 64742-52-5 OECD 410	rabbit	NOAEL (28d) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day	
Oral	OECD 408	rat	NOAEL (Low melting poin wax) = 1.5 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL (High melting point and high sulphur wax) = 1500 mg/kg bw/day 90d	t
Dermal	Read-across (Analogy) : Lubricant Base Oils OECD 411	rat	NOAEL (13 weeks)> 2000 mg/kg bw/day	
Dermal	Read-across (Analogy) : MRD-87-016 similar to OECD 453	mouse	NOAEL (male) 24 months >= 150 mg/kg bw/day	

Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks
Oral	similar to OECD 408	rat	NOAEL (female) 30d = 1056 mg/kg bw LOAEL (male) 30d = 116 mg/kg bw	
Inhalation	similar to OECD 413	rat	NOAEC (female) = 3950 mg/m³ LOAEC (male) = 1975 mg/m³ LOAEC (female) = 7400 mg/m³	
Dermal	similar to OECD 411	rat	NOAEL (systemic) >= 495 mg/kg bw/day	

cobalt octoate (136-52-7	7)			
Exposure routes	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks
Oral	Read-across (Analogy)	rat	NOAEL (90d) = 3 mg	/kg
	cobalt dichloride		bw/day	
	hexahydrate OECD 408			

**Aspiration hazard** Due to the viscosity, this product does not present an aspiration hazard.

Other information None

#### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system

#### Acute aquatic toxicity - Component Information

Chemical Name	Toxicity to algae	Toxicity to daphnia and	Toxicity to fish	Toxicity to
		other aquatic		microorganisms
		invertebrates.		_

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Styrene 100-42-5	EC50 (72h) = 4.9 mg/L (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata)	EC50 (48h) = 4.7 mg/L (Daphnia magna) NOEC = 1.9 mg/L (Daphnia	LC50 (96h) = 4.02 - 10 mg/L (Pimephales promelas)	EC (30min) = 500 mg/L (Activated sludge of a predominantly domestic
	EPA OTS 797.1050	magna) OECD 202	OECD 203	sewage) OECD 209
Talc 14807-96-6	EC50 (96h) = 7202.700 mg/L (Green Algae) NOEC (30d) = 918.089 mg/L (Green Algae) QSAR	LC50 (48h) = 36812.359 mg/L (Daphnid species) QSAR	LC50 (96h) = 89581.016 mg/L (Fishes species) QSAR	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5		EL50 (24h) >= 1000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 202	LC50 (96h) > 10000 mg/L (Brachydanio rerio) OECD 203	
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	EC50 (72h) > 10000 mg/L (Skeletonema costatum) ISO 10253	LC50 (48h) = 20000 mg/L (Daphnia magna)	EC50 (96h) > 100 mg/L (Brachydanio rerio) LC50 (96h) > 1000 mg/L (Fundulus heteroclitus) LC0 (48h) > 1000 mg/L (Leuciscus idus) OECD 203	EC50 (3h) > 1000 mg/L, NOEC (3h) >= 1000 mg/L (Activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewage) OECD 209
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	EC50 (72h) = 68 mg/L, NOEC (72h) = 32 mg/L (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata) OECD 201	EC50 (48h) = 71 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 202	LC50 (96h) > 99 mg/L (Oryzias latipes) OECD 203	EC50 (3h) > 1000 mg/L (Activated sludge), ISO 8192 EC50 (16h) = 13 mg/L (Pseusomonas putida), ISO 10712
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)pr opanol 34590-94-8	EC50 (72h) > 969 mg/L (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata) OECD 201	LC50 (48h) = 1919 mg/L (Daphnia magna) Similar to OECD 202	LC50 (96h) > 1000 mg/L (Poecilia reticulata) OECD 203	EC10 (18h) = 4168 mg/L (Pseudomonas putida) No guideline followed
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	NOEL (72h) >= 100 mg/L (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata), Read across with : N100DW OECD 201	LL50 (48h) > 1000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) QSAR	LL50 (96h) > 1000 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) QSAR	LL50 (40h) > 1000 mg/L (Tetrahymena pyriformis) NOEL (40h) >= 1000 mg/L (Tetrahymena pyriformis) QSAR
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	EL50 (72h) = 4.1 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) NOELR (72h) = 0.76 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) OECD 201	EL50 (48h) = 10 - 22 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 202	LL50 (96h) = 10 - 30 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) OECD 203	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	EC50 (72h) = 144 μg Codiss./L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) NOEC (72h) = 32.2 μg./L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) LOEC (72h) = 52.7 μg Codiss./L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) OECD 201		LC50 (96h) = 1.512 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) NOEC (96h) = 0.939 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LOEC (96h) = 1.577 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) ASTM guideline (1996)	EC10 (30 min) = 3.73 mg/L (Activated sludge) EC50 (30 min) = 120 mg/L (Activated sludge) Read across with Cas N°: 7646-79-9 OECD 209

#### Chronic aquatic toxicity - Component Information

Chemical Name	Toxicity to algae	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates.	Toxicity to fish	Toxicity to microorganisms
Styrene		NOEC (21d) = 1.01 mg/L		
100-42-5		(Daphnia magna)		
		LOEC (21d) = 2.06 mg/L		
		(Daphnia magna)		
		EC50 (21d) = 1.88 mg/L		
		(Daphnia magna)		
		OECD 203		
Titanium dioxide	NOEC (72h) = 5600 mg/L	NOEC (48h) >= 3 mg/L		
13463-67-7	(Skeletonema costatum)	(Daphnia magna)		
	ISO 10253	OECD 202, OECD 209		

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phthalic anhydride 85-44-9		NOEC (reproduction) 21d = 16 mg/L, EC50 (reproduction) 21d = 42 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 211	LC50 (7d) = 560 mg/L (Danio rerio), OECD 210 LOEC (total embryotoxicity) 60d = 32 mg/L, NOEC (mortality, lengh, weight, embryotoxicity) 60d = 10 mg/L, OECD 210	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)pr opanol 34590-94-8		NOEC (22d) >= 0.5 mg/L (Daphnia magna) Similar to OECD 211		
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2		NOEL (21d) >= 1000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) QSAR	NOEL (28d) >= 1000 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) QSAR	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1		EC50 (21d) = 0.328 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 211		
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	EC50 (7d) = 90.1 µg./L (Lemna minor) NOEC (7d) = 3.0 µg/L (Lemna minor) LOEC (7d) = 8.8 µg/L (Lemna minor) OECD 221	NOECR (21d) = 60.8 µg./L (Daphnia magna) LC50 (21d) = 121.3 mg/L (Daphnia magna) LOECR (21d) = 93.3 µg Codiss./L (Daphnia magna) OECD 211		

#### Effects on terrestrial organisms - Component Information

Acute toxicity				
phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)				
Acute toxicity	Test Method	Species	Values	Remarks
plants		Lactuca sativa	EC50 (germination) = 731	
			mg/L	

Chronic toxicity				
Styrene (100-42-5)				
Chronic toxicity	Method	Species	Values	Remarks
Toxicity to invertebrates	OECD 207	Eisenia foetida	LC50 (14d) = 120 mg/kg soil dw LOEC (burrowing time and mean percent weight change) = 65 mg/kg soil dw LOEC (survival) = 180 mg/kg soil dw NOEC (mean percent weight change) = 34 mg/kg soil dw	

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol (34590-94-8)				
Chronic toxicity Method Species Values Remarks				
plants OECD 227 Grossypium hirsutum NOEC (21d) = 250 g/L				

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Chemical Name	Biodegradation	Evaluation
Styrene 100-42-5	87% (20d) similar to OECD 301D	Readily biodegradable
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	68 % (10d), 74 % (30d) OECD 301 D	Readily biodegradable
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol 34590-94-8	96 % (28d) DOC removal, 75 % (10d) OECD 301F	Readily biodegradable
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	31 % (28d) OECD 301F Read across with : MRD-94-981	Inherently biodegradable.
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	74.7% (28d) (Activated sludge, domestic, non-adapted) OECD 301 F	Readily biodegradable

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	•	
cobalt octoate	60% (> 10d), OECD 301 B	Readily biodegradable
	0070 (* 100), 0202 001 2	readily bloddgradable
136-52-7		
.00 02 .		

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)		
Styrene (100-42-5)		
Method	Species	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Calculation method		74

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)		
Method	Species	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
no data available	Oncorhynchus mykiss	20 L/kg (14d)

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)		
Method	Species	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Calculation method		3.16 - 3.4

Chemical Name	log Pow
Styrene 100-42-5	3
Talc 14807-96-6	-9.4
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	1.6
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol 34590-94-8	0.0043

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Chemical Name	LogKoc	Кос
Styrene 100-42-5	2.55	352
Talc 14807-96-6	1.5027	31.82
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	-	31

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Chemical Name	PBT	vPvB
Styrene 100-42-5	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Talc 14807-96-6	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol 34590-94-8	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

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None known.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### **13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

Other information According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the

product was used.

#### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### 14.1. UN number

UN1866 ADR/RID UN1866 **IMDG/IMO** UN1866 ICAO/IATA **ADN** UN1866

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

#### ADR/RID

Resin solution

UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III, (D/E)

#### **IMDG/IMO**

Resin solution

UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III, (31°C c.c.)

UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III

#### **ADN**

Resin solution

UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

#### ADR/RID

3 **Hazard class** IMDG/IMO 3 **Hazard class** ICAO/IATA 3 **Hazard class** ADN 3

#### 14.4. Packing group

**Hazard class** 

ADR/RID Ш Ш **IMDG/IMO** Ш ICAO/IATA Ш **ADN** 

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#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

No ADR/RID IMDG/IMO No No **Marine pollutant** Nο ICAO/IATA No **ADN** 

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

#### ADR/RID

**Classification Code** F1 **Tunnel restriction code** (D/E) Limited quantity 5 L

**IMDG/IMO** 

F-E, S-E **EmS** Limited quantity 5 L

ICAO/IATA

**ERG Code** 3L Limited quantity 10 L

**ADN** 

**Classification Code** F1 Limited quantity 5 L ventilation VE01

#### Special precautions for users

Special precautions No information available

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code not applicable

#### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) Regulation (EU) No. 830/2015

Directive 88/642/EEC Directive 98/24/EC Directive 1999/92/EC Directive 2012/18/EU

The mixture is subject to restrictions on use, see Annex XVII of the Regulation 1907/2006/EC (REACH): Column 1, n° 3; Column 1, n° 40.

#### **European Union**

Chemical Name	2012/18/EU (SEVESO) - §9	2012/18/EU (SEVESO) - §6, §7
Styrene - 100-42-5	50000	5000 tonnes
		50000 tonnes

#### National regulatory information

#### The United Kingdom

Avoid exceeding of the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8).

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Ireland

Avoid exceeding of the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8).

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment

**Exposure scenario** Relevant information for risk control are communicated in the form of exposure scenario

attached to the safety data sheet.

#### SECTION 16: Other information

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H360Fd - May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

EUH208 - May produce an allergic reaction

**Training Advice** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. To avoid risks to

man and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

Sources of key data used to

compile the datasheet

**ECHA** 

Former date 30-Aug-2019 **Revision date** 23-Dec-2020

SDS sections updated: 2,3,8 Revision Note

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

#### **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

**End of Safety Data Sheet** 



# Scenario 1: Manufacturing of UP/VE resins and formulated resins (Gelcoat, Coulour Paste, Putty, Bonding paste/Adhesive) (ES1)

This scenario is described by the following combinations of use descriptors. The corresponding contributing scenarios are described in the respective subchapters.

An overall exposure scenario may be described by a number of contributing scenarios which may be subdivided into environmental exposure, worker exposure and consumer exposure.

The following scenarios contribute to the scenario Manufacturing of UP/VE resins and formulated resins (Gelcoat, Coulour Paste, Putty, Bonding paste/Adhesive).

This document has been prepared using REACH-Practical-Guide-on-Safe-Use-Information-for-Mixtures-under-REACH-The-LCID-Methodology, considering exposure scenario of relevant raw materials contained in the mixture

The corresponding release to the environment, exposure of workers resulting from these contributing scenarios is summarized below.

Table 1. Description of ES 1

Free short title	Manufacturing of UP/VE resins and formulated resins (Gelcoat, Coulour Paste, Putty, Bonding paste/Adhesive) (ES1)
Systematic title based on use descriptor	ERC 2; PROC 1, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9, 15
Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERC	ERC 2 – Formulation into mixture
Name(s) of contributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs	PROC 1 - Chemical production in closed process  PROC 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)  PROC 4 - Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises  PROC 5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)  PROC 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities  PROC 8b - Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities  PROC 9 - Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)  PROC 15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories
Contributing Scenario (1) controlling e	nvironmental exposure for ERC 2
Operational conditions (referred to styrene)	
Daily amount used at site	45700 kg/day (referred to styrene)

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Release times per year	300 days/year (justification: Continous release)
Local freshwater dilution factor	41
Local marine water dilution factor	100
Release fraction to air from process	0.102 %
Release fraction to wastewater from process	0.00063 %
Release fraction to soil from process	0.0025 %
Fraction tonnage to region	10 %
Fraction used at main source	60 %
STP	yes
River flow rate	18000 m <sup>3</sup> /day
Municipal sewage treatment plant discharge	2000000 L/day
Other modified EUSES values (referred to styre	ne)
Fraction released to agricultural soil (Femis.agric)	0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002)
Fraction released to industrial soil (Femis.ind)	0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002))
Fraction released to waste water (Femis.water)	0.00063 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
Fraction released to air (Femis.air)	0.102 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
Fraction used at main source	60 % (justification: Value adopted to account for Worst-case European manufacturing site)
Fraction of emission directed to water by local STP (Fstp.water)	0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling in	ndustrial worker exposure for PROC 1
Name of contributing scenario	1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure
Scenario subtitle	Use in contained batch processes. Closed processes
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines.  Provide a good standard of general ventilation.  Natural ventilation is from windows and doors etc.  Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.  Ensure good work practices are implemented.  Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures.  Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.  Use suitable eye protection.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %

24 Oct .2018



Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk manag	gement
Exposed skin surface	240 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affecting	workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	enhanced (>30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to contro	l dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	no
Conditions and measures related to personal sec.8 of SDS	protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Contributing Scenario (3) controlling	g industrial worker exposure for PROC 3
Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
Scenario subtitle	Bulk transfers. Receipt and storage of raw materials in bulk or as packed goods, indoor and outdoor; Raw material assembly and charging; dispensing of liquids and solids via pipeline;
Qualitative Risk Assessment	,
General	Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Use bulk or semi-bulk handling systems. Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	15 min1 hour



Exposed skin surface  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location  indoors  Ventilation  cenhanced (>30%)  Domain  industrial  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure  Local exhaust ventilation  Yes  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on see. 8 of SDS  Protective gloves  Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection  Local exhaust ventilation  Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness  Contributing Scenario (4) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 3  Name of contributing scenario  3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)  Scenario subtitle  Dissolver)  Qualitative Risk Assessment  General  Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines: Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Apply vessel entry procedures including use of forced supplied air. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.  Product characteristics  Physical state  Iiquid  Concentration in substance  100 %  Frequency and duration of use  Duration of activity  A hours (default)  Frequency and duration of use  Duration of activity  A hours (default)  Frequency of use  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location  indoors	Human factors not influenced by risk m	nanagement
Location   Indoors   Indoors   Pentilation   Enhanced (>30%)   Industrial	Exposed skin surface	
Ventilation enhanced (>30%)  Domain industrial  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure  Local exhaust ventilation Yes  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on see. 8 of SDS  Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection no  Local exhaust ventilation Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness  Contributing Scenario (4) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 3  Name of contributing scenario 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)  Scenario subtitle Dissolving linear UP/VE polymer in blending vessel (or dissolver)  Qualitative Risk Assessment  General Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Apply vessel entry procedures including use of forced supplied air. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable eye protection.  Product characteristics  Physical state Icquid Concentration in substance 100 %  Frequency of use 15 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface 240 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location indoors	Other given operational conditions affect	cting workers exposure
Domain industrial  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure  Local exhaust ventilation Yes  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on see. 8 of SDS  Protective gloves  Respiratory protection no  Local exhaust ventilation Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness  Contributing Scenario (4) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 3  Name of contributing scenario  Scenario subtitle Dissolving linear UP/VE polymer in blending vessel (or dissolver)  Qualitative Risk Assessment  General Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines: Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Apply vessel entry procedures including use of forced supplied air. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.  Product characteristics  Physical state liquid  Concentration in substance 100 % medium  Frequency and duration of use  Duration of activity >4 hours (default)  Frequency and duration of use  Duration of activity >4 hours (default)  Frequency of use 5 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk manage—  Exposed skin surface 240 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location indoors	Location	indoors
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure  Local exhaust ventilation Yes  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on see. 8 of SDS  Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection no  Local exhaust ventilation Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness  Contributing Scenario (4) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 3  Name of contributing scenario  Scenario subtitle Dissolving linear UP/VE polymer in blending vessel (or dissolver)  Qualitative Risk Assessment  General Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Apply vessel entry procedures including use of forced supplied air. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable chemi	Ventilation	enhanced (>30%)
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on see. 8 of SDS  Protective gloves  Respiratory protection  Local exhaust ventilation  Local exhaust ventilation  Local exhaust ventilation  Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness  Contributing Scenario (4) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 3  Name of contributing scenario  Scenario subtitle  Dissolving linear UP/VE polymer in blending vessel (or dissolver)  Qualitative Risk Assessment  General  Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Apply vessel entry procedures including use of forced supplied air. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable eye protection.  Product characteristies  Physical state  Concentration in substance  Duraction of activity  A hours (default)  Frequency and duration of use  Duration of activity  A hours (default)  Frequency of use  5 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location  Indoors	Domain	industrial
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS  Protective gloves  Respiratory protection  Local exhaust ventilation  Local exhaust ventilation  Local exhaust ventilation  Local exhaust ventilation  Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness  Contributing Scenario (4) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 3  Name of contributing scenario  Scenario subtitle  Dissolving linear UP/VE polymer in blending vessel (or dissolver)  Qualitative Risk Assessment  General  Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Apply vessel entry procedures including use of forced supplied air. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.  Product characteristics  Physical state  liquid  Concentration in substance  100 %  Frequency and duration of use  Duration of activity  >4 hours (default)  Frequency and duration of use  Duration of activity  >4 hours (default)  Frequency of use  5 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface  240 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location  indoors	Technical conditions and measures to co	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Protective gloves Respiratory protection Local exhaust ventilation Local exhaust ventilation Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness  Contributing Scenario (4) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 3  Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Dissolving linear UP/VE polymer in blending vessel (or dissolver)  Qualitative Risk Assessment  General Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Apply vessel entry procedures including use of forced supplied air. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.  Product characteristics  Physical state liquid Concentration in substance 100 % Frequency and duration of use  Duration of activity >4 hours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface 240 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location indoors	Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Respiratory protection Local exhaust ventilation Local exhaust ventilation Local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness  Contributing Scenario (4) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 3  Name of contributing scenario 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)  Scenario subtitle Dissolving linear UP/VE polymer in blending vessel (or dissolver)  Qualitative Risk Assessment  General Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Apply vessel entry procedures including use of forced supplied air. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.  Product characteristics  Physical state liquid Concentration in substance 100 % Fugacity / Dustiness medium  Frequency and duration of use  Duration of activity 3-4 hours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface 240 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location indoors	Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Contributing Scenario (4) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 3  Name of contributing scenario  Scenario subtitle  Dissolving linear UP/VE polymer in blending vessel (or dissolver)  Qualitative Risk Assessment  General  Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Apply vessel entry procedures including use of forced supplied air. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.  Product characteristics  Physical state  Iiquid  Concentration in substance  100 %  Frequency and duration of use  Duration of activity  >4 hours (default)  Frequency of use  5 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface  240 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location  indoors	Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Contributing Scenario (4) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 3  Name of contributing scenario  3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)  Scenario subtitle  Dissolving linear UP/VE polymer in blending vessel (or dissolver)  Qualitative Risk Assessment  General  Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Apply vessel entry procedures including use of forced supplied air. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.  Product characteristics  Physical state  Iiquid  Concentration in substance  100 %  Frequency and duration of use  Duration of activity  >4 hours (default)  Frequency of use  5 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface  240 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location  indoors	Respiratory protection	no
Name of contributing scenario  Scenario subtitle  Dissolving linear UP/VE polymer in blending vessel (or dissolver)  Qualitative Risk Assessment  General  Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Apply vessel entry procedures including use of forced supplied air. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.  Product characteristics  Physical state  Iiquid  Concentration in substance  100 % Fugacity / Dustiness  medium  Frequency and duration of use  Duration of activity  >4 hours (default) Frequency of use  5 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface  240 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location  indoors	Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Scenario subtitle  Dissolving linear UP/VE polymer in blending vessel (or dissolver)  Qualitative Risk Assessment  General  Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Apply vessel entry procedures including use of forced supplied air. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.  Product characteristics  Physical state  Concentration in substance  Iiquid  Concentration in substance  Fugacity / Dustiness  medium  Frequency and duration of use  Duration of activity  4 hours (default)  Frequency of use  5 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface  240 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  indoors	Contributing Scenario (4) contro	lling industrial worker exposure for PROC 3
Qualitative Risk Assessment  General Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Apply vessel entry procedures including use of forced supplied air. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.  Product characteristics  Physical state liquid Concentration in substance 100 % Fugacity / Dustiness medium  Frequency and duration of use  Duration of activity >4 hours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface 240 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location indoors	Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
General  Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Apply vessel entry procedures including use of forced supplied air. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.  Product characteristics  Physical state liquid Concentration in substance 100 % Fugacity / Dustiness medium  Frequency and duration of use  Duration of activity >4 hours (default)  Frequency of use 5 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface 240 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location indoors	Scenario subtitle	
lines; Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Apply vessel entry procedures including use of forced supplied air. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.  Product characteristics  Physical state    liquid	Qualitative Risk Assessment	
Physical state liquid Concentration in substance 100 % Fugacity / Dustiness medium  Frequency and duration of use  Duration of activity >4 hours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface 240 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location indoors	General	lines; Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.  Apply vessel entry procedures including use of forced supplied air.  Ensure good work practices are implemented.  Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures.  Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Concentration in substance 100 % Fugacity / Dustiness medium  Frequency and duration of use  Duration of activity >4 hours (default)  Frequency of use 5 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface 240 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location indoors	Product characteristics	
Fugacity / Dustiness medium  Frequency and duration of use  Duration of activity >4 hours (default)  Frequency of use 5 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface 240 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location indoors	Physical state	liquid
Prequency and duration of use  Duration of activity >4 hours (default)  Frequency of use 5 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface 240 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location indoors	Concentration in substance	100 %
Duration of activity >4 hours (default)  Frequency of use 5 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface 240 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location indoors	Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency of use 5 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface 240 cm <sup>2</sup> Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location indoors	Frequency and duration of use	
Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface 240 cm <sup>2</sup> Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location indoors	Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Exposed skin surface 240 cm <sup>2</sup> Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location indoors	Frequency of use	5 days / week
Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location indoors	Human factors not influenced by risk m	nanagement
Location indoors	Exposed skin surface	$240 \text{ cm}^2$
	Other given operational conditions affect	cting workers exposure
Ventilation good (30%)	Location	indoors
	Ventilation	good (30%)



Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to cont	
Local exhaust ventilation	no
	nal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Contributing Scenario (5) controlli	ing industrial worker exposure for PROC 3
Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
Scenario subtitle	Equipment cleaning and maintenance. Cleaning and maintenance of blending vessel, roadtankers etc.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines.  Drain or remove substance from equipment prior to break-in or maintenance.  Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour).  Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings.  Ensure good work practices are implemented.  Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures.  Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.  Use suitable eye protection.  In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk man	nagement
Exposed skin surface	$240 \text{ cm}^2$
Other given operational conditions affection	ng workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to conf	trol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes



sec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (6) contr	rolling industrial worker exposure for PROC 4
Name of contributing scenario	4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises
Scenario subtitle	Material transfers. All internal transport. Raw material assembly and charging raw material dispensing of liquids and solids manually from bulk storage or packed goods into blending tank.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour).  Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Ensure good work practices are implemented.  Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures.  Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.  Use suitable eye protection.  In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	management
Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions af	fecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	Good (>30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to posec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur



Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (7) contr	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 4
Name of contributing scenario	4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises
Scenario subtitle	Process sampling.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour): Avoid dip sampling. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	15 min1 hour
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	management
Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affe	ecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	Good (>30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to pe sec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (8) contr	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 5
Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)



Qualitative Risk Assessment  General		Transfer from/pouring from containers; Mixing operations (open systems). Mixing liquid and solid components / into final formulated
General  General  Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour).  Keep lids of containers closed during blending. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures.  Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.  Product characteristics  Physical state  Iliquid  Concentration in substance  100%  Fugacity / Dustiness  medium  Frequency and duration of use  Duration of activity  >4 hours (default)  Frequency of use  Bunan factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface  480 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location  industrial  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure  Local exhaust ventilation  yes  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS  Protective gloves  Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection  Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs inhalation: 9% (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (9) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A  Name of contributing scenario  Equipment cleaning and maintenance.		
Star changes per hour).   Keep lids of containers closed during blending.   Ensure good work practices are implemented.   Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures.   Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.   Use suitable eye protection.   Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.   In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.	Qualitative Risk Assessment	
Physical state   liquid   Concentration in substance   100%   Fugacity / Dustiness   medium   Frequency and duration of use   Duration of activity   >4 hours (default)   Frequency of use   5 days / week   Human factors not influenced by risk management   Exposed skin surface   480 cm²   Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure   Location   indoors   Domain   industrial   Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure   Local exhaust ventilation   yes   Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS   Protective gloves   Gloves APF 5 80 %   Respiratory protection   Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs   Local exhaust ventilation   inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (9) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A   Name of contributing scenario   Equipment cleaning and maintenance.	General	(5 to 15 air changes per hour).  Keep lids of containers closed during blending.  Ensure good work practices are implemented.  Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures.  Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.  Use suitable eye protection.  Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.  In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory
Concentration in substance   100%   Fugacity / Dustiness   medium   Frequency and duration of use   Duration of activity   >4 hours (default)   Frequency of use   5 days / week   Human factors not influenced by risk management   Exposed skin surface   480 cm²   Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure   Location   indoors   Domain   industrial   Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure   Local exhaust ventilation   yes   Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS   Protective gloves   Gloves APF 5 80 %   Respiratory protection   Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs   Local exhaust ventilation   inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (9) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A   Name of contributing scenario   Equipment cleaning and maintenance.	Product characteristics	
Frequency and duration of use  Duration of activity >4 hours (default)  Frequency of use 5 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface 480 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location indoors  Domain industrial  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure  Local exhaust ventilation yes  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on see. 8 of SDS  Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (9) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A  Name of contributing scenario  Equipment cleaning and maintenance.	Physical state	liquid
Prequency and duration of use  Duration of activity >4 hours (default)  Frequency of use 5 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface 480 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location indoors  Domain industrial  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure  Local exhaust ventilation yes  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS  Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs  Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (9) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A  Name of contributing scenario  Ba - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities  Scenario subtitle Equipment cleaning and maintenance.	Concentration in substance	100%
Duration of activity >4 hours (default)  Frequency of use 5 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface 480 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location indoors  Domain industrial  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure  Local exhaust ventilation yes  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on see.8 of SDS  Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs  Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (9) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A  Name of contributing scenario 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities  Scenario subtitle Equipment cleaning and maintenance.	Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency of use 5 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface 480 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location industrial  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure  Local exhaust ventilation yes  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on see. 8 of SDS  Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs  Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (9) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A  Name of contributing scenario  8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities  Scenario subtitle Equipment cleaning and maintenance.	Frequency and duration of use	
Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface 480 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location indoors  Domain industrial  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure  Local exhaust ventilation yes  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS  Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs  Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (9) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A  Name of contributing scenario  8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities  Scenario subtitle Equipment cleaning and maintenance.	Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Exposed skin surface  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location  Domain  indoors  Domain  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure  Local exhaust ventilation  yes  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec. 8 of SDS  Protective gloves  Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection  Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs  Local exhaust ventilation  inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (9) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A  Name of contributing scenario  8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities  Scenario subtitle  Equipment cleaning and maintenance.	Frequency of use	5 days / week
Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location indoors  Domain industrial  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure  Local exhaust ventilation yes  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS  Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs  Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (9) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A  Name of contributing scenario  8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities  Scenario subtitle Equipment cleaning and maintenance.	Human factors not influenced by risk managen	nent
Location indoors  Domain industrial  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure  Local exhaust ventilation yes  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS  Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs  Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (9) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A  Name of contributing scenario  8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities  Scenario subtitle Equipment cleaning and maintenance.	Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>
Domain industrial  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure  Local exhaust ventilation yes  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS  Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs  Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (9) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A  Name of contributing scenario  8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities  Scenario subtitle Equipment cleaning and maintenance.	Other given operational conditions affecting wo	orkers exposure
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure  Local exhaust ventilation  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS  Protective gloves  Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection  Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs  Local exhaust ventilation  inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (9) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A  Name of contributing scenario  8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities  Scenario subtitle  Equipment cleaning and maintenance.	Location	indoors
Local exhaust ventilation  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS  Protective gloves  Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection  Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs  Local exhaust ventilation  inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (9) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A  Name of contributing scenario  8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities  Scenario subtitle  Equipment cleaning and maintenance.	Domain	industrial
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS  Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs  Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (9) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A  Name of contributing scenario  8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities  Scenario subtitle Equipment cleaning and maintenance.	Technical conditions and measures to control d	ispersion and exposure
Protective gloves  Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection  Local exhaust ventilation  Local exhaust ventilation  inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (9) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A  Name of contributing scenario  8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities  Scenario subtitle  Equipment cleaning and maintenance.	Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Respiratory protection  Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs  inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (9) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A  Name of contributing scenario  8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities  Scenario subtitle  Equipment cleaning and maintenance.		rotection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (9) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A  Name of contributing scenario  8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities  Scenario subtitle  Equipment cleaning and maintenance.	Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
With adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (9) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A  Name of contributing scenario  8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities  Scenario subtitle  Equipment cleaning and maintenance.	Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Name of contributing scenario8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilitiesScenario subtitleEquipment cleaning and maintenance.	Local exhaust ventilation	
at non dedicated facilities  Scenario subtitle Equipment cleaning and maintenance.	Contributing Scenario (9) controlling in	ndustrial worker exposure for PROC 8A
	Name of contributing scenario	
	Scenario subtitle	



General	Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.
	Drain or remove substance from equipment prior to break-in
	or maintenance. Ensure good work practices are implemented
	Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize
	exposures Wear quitable according to prevent exposure to the skin
	Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Use suitable eye protection.
	Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
	In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	F
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk manag	ement
Exposed skin surface	960 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affecting	workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to control	dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to personal sec.8 of SDS	protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (10) controllin	g industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A
Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Disposal of wastes.
	Handling of non cured waste;
	Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like
	Waste management / handling and storage of waste for



General	Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Due do et chouse touisties	Use suitable eye protection.
Product characteristics	Ī
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	1
Duration of activity	<1 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk manager	ment
Exposed skin surface	960 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affecting w	orkers exposure
Location	Indoors/outdoor
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to control of	lispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	no
Conditions and measures related to personal p sec.8 of SDS	rotection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Contributing Scenario (11) controlling	industrial worker exposure for PROC 8b
Name of contributing scenario	8b -Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Bulk transfers. All activities related to transport finished product to customer. Dispensing final UP/VE resin (linear UP/VE polymer + styrene + additives) into roadtanker
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



	styrene + additives) / into storage tank, IBC, drum or pail.
Scenario subtitle	Bulk transfers. All activities related to transport finished product to customer. Dispensing final UP/VE resin (linear UP/VE polymer +
Name of contributing scenario	9 -Transfer of chemicals into small containers (dedicated filling line)
Contributing Scenario (12) con	trolling industrial worker exposure for PROC 9
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Conditions and measures related to posec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Domain	industrial
Location	indoors
Other given operational conditions aff	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Exposed skin surface	960 cm <sup>2</sup>
Human factors not influenced by risk	
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency and duration of use	Incurain
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Concentration in substance	100 %
Physical state	liquid
Product characteristics	protection with adeguate effectiveness.
	Use suitable eye protection. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory
	Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
	Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures
	Ensure good work practices are implemented
General	Fill containers/cans at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation.

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local extract ventilation.		
Physical state   liquid   Concentration in substance   100 %   Fugacity / Dustiness   medium   Frequency and duration of use   Duration of activity   >4 hours (default)   Frequency of use   5 days / week   Human factors not influenced by risk management   Exposed skin surface   480 cm²   Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure   Location   indoors   Domain   industrial   Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure   Local exhaust ventilation   yes   Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS   Protective gloves   Gloves APF 5 80 %   Respiratory protection   no   Local exhaust ventilation   inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (13) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 15   Name of contributing scenario   15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories   Scenario subtitle   Laboratory activities.   Quality control work of samples from reactor and blending vessel.   R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum.  Qualitative Risk Assessment   Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure.   Ensure good work practices are implemented   Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures   Use suitable eye protection.   Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.	General	local extract ventilation.  Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Concentration in substance 100 % Fugacity / Dustiness medium  Frequency and duration of use  Duration of activity >4 hours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface 480 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location indoors  Domain industrial  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure  Local exhaust ventilation yes  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS  Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection no  Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (13) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 15  Name of contributing scenario  Laboratory activities. Quality control work of samples from reactor and blending vessel.  RED work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum.  Qualitative Risk Assessment  Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure.  Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures  Use suitable eye protection.  Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.	Product characteristics	
Frequency and duration of use  Duration of activity	Physical state	liquid
Duration of activity   24 hours (default)	Concentration in substance	100 %
Duration of activity  Frequency of use  5 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface  480 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location  Indoors  Domain  Industrial  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure  Local exhaust ventilation  Yes  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS  Protective gloves  Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection  Local exhaust ventilation  inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (13) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 15  Name of contributing scenario  Laboratory activities. All laboratory activities. All laboratory activities. All laboratory activities. All laboratory activities. R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum.  Qualitative Risk Assessment  Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.	Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency of use 5 days / week  Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface 480 cm²  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location indoors  Domain industrial  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure  Local exhaust ventilation yes  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS  Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection no  Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (13) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 15  Name of contributing scenario  Laboratory activities. All laboratory activities. All laboratory activities. All aboratory activities. All aboratory activities. R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum.  Qualitative Risk Assessment  Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.	Frequency and duration of use	
Human factors not influenced by risk management  Exposed skin surface  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location  indoors  Domain  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure  Local exhaust ventilation  yes  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec. 8 of SDS  Protective gloves  Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection  Local exhaust ventilation  inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (13) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 15  Name of contributing scenario  Laboratory activities.  All laboratory activities.  Quality control work of samples from reactor and blending vessel.  R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum.  Qualitative Risk Assessment  General  Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures  Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.	Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Exposed skin surface  Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure  Location  Domain  indoors  Domain  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure  Local exhaust ventilation  yes  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec. 8 of SDS  Protective gloves  Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection  Local exhaust ventilation  inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (13) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 15  Name of contributing scenario  I5 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories  Scenario subtitle  Laboratory activities. Quality control work of samples from reactor and blending vessel. R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum.  Qualitative Risk Assessment  General  Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.	Frequency of use	5 days / week
Contributing Scenario (13) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 15  Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle  Carl exisk Assessment  General  Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure.  Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employer testinate gloves, tested to EN374.	Human factors not influenced by risk ma	nnagement
Location industrial  Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure  Local exhaust ventilation yes  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS  Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection no  Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (13) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 15  Name of contributing scenario  Laboratory activities. All laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories  Scenario subtitle  Laboratory activities. Quality control work of samples from reactor and blending vessel. R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum.  Qualitative Risk Assessment  Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.	Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure  Local exhaust ventilation  yes  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec. 8 of SDS  Protective gloves  Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection  Local exhaust ventilation  inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (13) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 15  Name of contributing scenario  Laboratory activities. All laboratory activities. All laboratory activities. All laboratory activities. R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum.  Qualitative Risk Assessment  General  Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.	Other given operational conditions affect	ting workers exposure
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure  Local exhaust ventilation  yes  Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS  Protective gloves  Gloves APF 5 80 %  Respiratory protection  Local exhaust ventilation  inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (13) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 15  Name of contributing scenario  15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories  Scenario subtitle  Laboratory activities.  All laboratory activities.  Quality control work of samples from reactor and blending vessel.  R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum.  Qualitative Risk Assessment  General  Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure.  Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures  Use suitable eye protection.  Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.	Location	indoors
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS  Protective gloves  Respiratory protection  Local exhaust ventilation  Contributing Scenario (13) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 15  Name of contributing scenario  Laboratory activities.  Quality control work of samples from reactor and blending vessel.  R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum.  Qualitative Risk Assessment  Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.	Domain	industrial
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS  Protective gloves  Respiratory protection  Local exhaust ventilation  Inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (13) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 15  Name of contributing scenario  15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories  Scenario subtitle  Laboratory activities. All laboratory activities. Quality control work of samples from reactor and blending vessel. R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum.  Qualitative Risk Assessment  Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.	Technical conditions and measures to con	ntrol dispersion and exposure
Protective gloves  Respiratory protection  Local exhaust ventilation  Inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (13) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 15  Name of contributing scenario  Laboratory activities.  All laboratory activities.  Quality control work of samples from reactor and blending vessel.  R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum.  Qualitative Risk Assessment  Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure.  Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection.  Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.	Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Respiratory protection  Local exhaust ventilation  Inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (13) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 15  Name of contributing scenario  15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories  Scenario subtitle  Laboratory activities. All laboratory activities. Quality control work of samples from reactor and blending vessel. R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum.  Qualitative Risk Assessment  Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.	Conditions and measures related to person sec.8 of SDS	onal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)  Contributing Scenario (13) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 15  Name of contributing scenario  15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories  Scenario subtitle  Laboratory activities. All laboratory activities. Quality control work of samples from reactor and blending vessel. R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum.  Qualitative Risk Assessment  Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.	Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Contributing Scenario (13) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 15  Name of contributing scenario  15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories  Scenario subtitle  Laboratory activities. All laboratory activities. Quality control work of samples from reactor and blending vessel. R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum.  Qualitative Risk Assessment  General  Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.	Respiratory protection	no
Name of contributing scenario  Scenario subtitle  Laboratory activities. All laboratory activities. Quality control work of samples from reactor and blending vessel. R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum.  Qualitative Risk Assessment  Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.	Local exhaust ventilation	
Scenario subtitle  Laboratory activities. All laboratory activities. Quality control work of samples from reactor and blending vessel. R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum.  Qualitative Risk Assessment  Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.	Contributing Scenario (13) contro	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 15
All laboratory activities. Quality control work of samples from reactor and blending vessel. R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum.  Qualitative Risk Assessment  Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.	Name of contributing scenario	15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories
General  Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure.  Ensure good work practices are implemented  Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize  exposures  Use suitable eye protection.  Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.	Scenario subtitle	All laboratory activities.  Quality control work of samples from reactor and blending vessel.  R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1
Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.	Qualitative Risk Assessment	
Product characteristics	General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection.
	Product characteristics	



Physical state	liquid	
Concentration in substance	100 %	
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium	
Frequency and duration of use		
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)	
Frequency of use	5 days / week	
Human factors not influenced by risk management		
Exposed skin surface	$240 \text{ cm}^2$	
Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure		
Location	indoors	
Domain	industrial	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure		
Local exhaust ventilation	yes	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS		
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %	
Respiratory protection	no	
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)	



## Scenario 2: FRP manufacturing in an industrial setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.) (ES2)

This scenario is described by the following combinations of use descriptors. The corresponding contributing scenarios are described in the respective subchapters.

An overall exposure scenario may be described by a number of contributing scenarios which may be subdivided into environmental exposure, worker exposure and consumer exposure.

The following scenarios contribute to the scenario FRP manufacturing in an industrial setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.).

This document has been prepared using REACH-Practical-Guide-on-Safe-Use-Information-for-Mixtures-under-REACH-The-LCID-Methodology, considering exposure scenario of relevant raw materials contained in the mixture.

The corresponding release to the environment, exposure of workers resulting from these contributing scenarios is summarized below.

Table 2. Description of ES 2

Table 2. Description of ES 2	
Free short title	FRP manufacturing in an industrial setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.) (ES2)
Systematic title based on use descriptor	ERC 6D; PROC 3, 5, 7, 8A, 10, 13, 14, 15
Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERC	ERC 6d Production of resins
Name(s) of contributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs	PROC 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
	PROC 5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)
	PROC 7 - Industrial spraying
	PROC 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
	PROC 10 - Roller application or brushing
	PROC 13 - Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring
	PROC 14 - Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation
	PROC 15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories
Contributing Scenario (1) controlling e	nvironmental exposure for ERC 6D
<b>Operational conditions</b> (referred to styrene)	
Daily amount used at site	161000 kg/day (referred to styrene)
Release times per year	300 days/year (justification: Continous release)
Local freshwater dilution factor	10



Local marine water dilution factor	100
Release fraction to air from process	0.102 %
Release fraction to wastewater from process	0.00063 %
Release fraction to soil from process	0.025 %
Fraction tonnage to region	10 %
Fraction used at main source	60 %
STP	yes
River flow rate	18000 m³/day
Municipal sewage treatment plant discharge	2000000 L/day
Other modified EUSES values	
Fraction released to agricultural soil (Femis.agric)	0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002))
Fraction released to industrial soil (Femis.ind)	0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002))
Fraction released to waste water (Femis.water)	0.00063 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
Fraction released to air (Femis.air)	0.102 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
Fraction used at main source	60 % (justification: Value adopted to account for Worst-case European manufacturing site)
Fraction of emission directed to water by local STP (Fstp.water)	0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling i	ndustrial worker exposure for PROC 3
Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
Scenario subtitle	Material transfers; Automated process with (semi) closed systems; Use in contained batch processes. Resin injection and transfer processes, such as vacuüm infusion, RTM, impregnation of sewer relining sleeves
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented
	Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Product characteristics	exposures Use suitable eye protection.
Product characteristics Physical state	exposures Use suitable eye protection.
	exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Physical state	exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Physical state  Concentration in substance	exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.  liquid 100 %



	T		
Frequency of use	5 days / week		
Human factors not influenced by risk manager	ment		
Exposed skin surface	240 cm <sup>2</sup>		
Other given operational conditions affecting w	orkers exposure		
Location	indoors		
Ventilation	good (30%)		
Domain	industrial		
Technical conditions and measures to control of	lispersion and exposure		
Local exhaust ventilation	no		
Conditions and measures related to personal p sec.8 of SDS	rotection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on		
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %		
Respiratory protection	no		
Contributing Scenario (3) controlling i	Contributing Scenario (3) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 3		
Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)		
Scenario subtitle	Material transfers.  Product delivery/storage - delivery of bulk and packaged products - outdoor / indoor		
Qualitative Risk Assessment			
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.		
Product characteristics			
Physical state	liquid		
Concentration in substance	100 %		
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium		
Frequency and duration of use			
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)		
Frequency of use	5 days / week		
Human factors not influenced by risk management			
Exposed skin surface	240 cm <sup>2</sup>		
Other given operational conditions affecting w	orkers exposure		
Location	indoors		
Ventilation	good (30%)		
Domain	industrial		
Technical conditions and measures to control of	lispersion and exposure		
Local exhaust ventilation	no		



sec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Contributing Scenario (4) contr	rolling industrial worker exposure for PROC 5
Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)
Scenario subtitle	Drum/batch transfers; Pouring from small containers; Transfer from/pouring from containers; Mixing operations (open systems). Loading of mixing equipment; Preparation of material for application; (liquid products) - batch, indoor
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	management
Exposed skin surface	$480 \text{ cm}^2$
Other given operational conditions af	fecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to posec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)



Contributing Scenario (5) control	ling industrial worker exposure for PROC 5
Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)
Scenario subtitle	Casting operations; Mixing operations (open systems). Casting and mixing operations in (semi-) open containers. Examples are centrifugal casting, casting of polymer concrete and artificial marble and the manufacturing of SMC / BMC/ TMC, etc
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	5-60%
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk ma	nagement
Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affect	ing workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to con	ntrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to person sec.8 of SDS	onal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occur
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (6) control	ling industrial worker exposure for PROC 5
Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)



Scenario subtitle	General exposures (closed systems).
	Mixing liquid and solid components / into final formulated
	resin in blending vessel; Examples are gelcoat blending and compounding, formulation of repair putties, bonding pastes,
	chemical anchoring, etc
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Put lids on containers immediately after use.
	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize
	exposures
	Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
	Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.
	In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	·
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk ma	nagement
Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affecti	ing workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	enhanced (70%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to con	trol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to perso sec.8 of SDS	nal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (7) controll	ing industrial worker exposure for PROC 7
Name of contributing scenario	7 - Industrial spraying
Scenario subtitle	Spraying;
	Spraying (automatic/robotic) All open mould applications where resins is applied by
	automated spraying or by robot in a spray cabin without
	direct worker involvement. Examples are spray lamination,
	gelcoat spraying and "chop-hoop" filament winding



Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin Use suitable eye protection. Wear suitable face shield Wear chemically resistant gloves tested to EN374, in combination with intensive management supervision control. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk manager	nent
Exposed skin surface	1,500 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affecting we	orkers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to control of	lispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to personal p sec.8 of SDS	rotection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure	inhalation: 95 % (justification: Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure)
Contributing Scenario (8) controlling i	ndustrial worker exposure for PROC 7
Name of contributing scenario	7 - Industrial spraying
Scenario subtitle	Spraying; Spraying (manually) All open mould applications where resins is applied by manual spraying in an open work environement. Examples are spray lamination, gelcoat spraying and "chop-hoop" filament winding
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Carefully pour from containers Use long handled tools where possible Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Wear suitable face shield. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin Wear chemically resistant gloves tested to EN374 in combination with intensive management supervision control. Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk managen	nent
Exposed skin surface	1,500 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affecting wo	orkers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to control d	ispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to personal presects of SDS	cotection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Yes
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 95 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (9) controlling in	ndustrial worker exposure for PROC 8A
Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Equipment maintenance; Maintenance of small items. Equipment cleaning and maintenance
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Drain or remove substance from equipment prior to break-in or maintenance.  Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	protection with adequate effectiveness.
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	moduli
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk r	1 *
•	960 cm <sup>2</sup>
Exposed skin surface  Other given expectional conditions off	
Other given operational conditions affe	
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to o	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (10) cont	rolling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A
Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Disposal of wastes.  Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Put lids on containers immediately after use. Contain and dispose of waste according to local regulations Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	1
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk ma	nagement
Exposed skin surface	960 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affect	ing workers exposure
Location	Indoors/outdoor
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to con	trol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to perso sec.8 of SDS	onal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (11) contro	lling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10
Name of contributing scenario	10 - Roller application or brushing
Scenario subtitle	Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operations; Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



Product characteristics  Physical state liquid  Concentration in substance 100 %  Fugacity / Dustiness medium  Frequency and duration of use  Duration of activity >4 hours (default)		
Concentration in substance 100 %  Fugacity / Dustiness medium  Frequency and duration of use		
Fugacity / Dustiness medium  Frequency and duration of use		
Frequency and duration of use		
Duration of activity >4 hours (default)		
2 station of activity		
Frequency of use 5 days / week		
Human factors not influenced by risk management		
Exposed skin surface 960 cm <sup>2</sup>		
Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure		
Location indoors		
Ventilation enhanced (70%)		
Domain industrial		
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure		
Local exhaust ventilation Yes		
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS		
Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 %		
Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when ex	xposure occur	
Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use with adequate effectiveness)	e local exhaust ventilation	
Contributing Scenario (12) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10		
Name of contributing scenario 10 - Roller application or brushing	;	
Scenario subtitle  Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of repair putties; Appli	ication of bonding pastes	
Qualitative Risk Assessment		



General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection.	
	Use suitable eye protection.  Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.  Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.  Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.	
Product characteristics		
Physical state	liquid	
Concentration in substance	100%	
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium	
Frequency and duration of use	,	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)	
Frequency of use	5 days / week	
Human factors not influenced by risk i	management	
Exposed skin surface	960 cm <sup>2</sup>	
Other given operational conditions affo	ecting workers exposure	
Location	indoors	
Ventilation	enhanced (70%)	
Domain	industrial	
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure	
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes	
Conditions and measures related to pe sec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on	
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %	
Respiratory protection	yes	
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)	
Contributing Scenario (13) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 13		
Name of contributing scenario	13 - Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring	
Scenario subtitle	Dipping, immersion and pouring; Continuous process. Continuous processes with open impregnation steps, such as pultrusion with open impregnation baths and (semi-) continuous production of flat laminates	
Qualitative Risk Assessment		



General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.	
Product characteristics		
Physical state	liquid	
Concentration in substance	100 %	
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium	
Frequency and duration of use		
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)	
Frequency of use	5 days / week	
Human factors not influenced by risk manag	gement	
Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>	
Other given operational conditions affecting	workers exposure	
Location	indoors	
Domain	industrial	
Technical conditions and measures to contro	l dispersion and exposure	
Local exhaust ventilation	yes	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS		
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %	
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs	
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)	
Contributing Scenario (14) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 14		
Name of contributing scenario	14 - Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation	
Scenario subtitle	Material transfers; Production or preparation or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion or pelletisation; Treatment by heating; Batch processes at elevated temperatures. Processes where curing of UP / VE resins takes place at high temperature. Examples are pultrusion with injection dies and processing of SMC / BMC / TMC, etc	
Qualitative Risk Assessment		



General  Product characteristics	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.	
Physical state	liquid	
Concentration in substance	100%	
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium	
Frequency and duration of use		
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)	
Frequency of use	5 days / week	
Human factors not influenced by risk man	nagement	
Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>	
Other given operational conditions affecti	ng workers exposure	
Location	indoors	
Ventilation	enhanced (70%)	
Domain	industrial	
Technical conditions and measures to con-	trol dispersion and exposure	
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes	
Conditions and measures related to person sec.8 of SDS	nal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on	
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %	
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs	
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)	
Contributing Scenario (15) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 15		
Name of contributing scenario	15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories	
Scenario subtitle	Laboratory activities. Quality control work of samples from blending vessel; R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum	
Qualitative Risk Assessment		
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.	
Product characteristics		
Physical state	liquid	



Concentration in substance	100 %	
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium	
Frequency and duration of use		
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)	
Frequency of use	5 days / week	
Human factors not influenced by risk managen	nent	
Exposed skin surface	240 cm <sup>2</sup>	
Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure		
Location	indoors	
Domain	industrial	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure		
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS		
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %	
Respiratory protection	No	
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)	



## Scenario 3: FRP manufacturing in a professional setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.) (ES3)

This scenario is described by the following combinations of use descriptors. The corresponding contributing scenarios are described in the respective subchapters.

An overall exposure scenario may be described by a number of contributing scenarios which may be subdivided into environmental exposure, worker exposure and consumer exposure.

The following scenarios contribute to the scenario FRP manufacturing in a professional setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.).

This document has been prepared using REACH-Practical-Guide-on-Safe-Use-Information-for-Mixtures-under-REACH-The-LCID-Methodology, considering exposure scenario of relevant raw materials contained in the mixture.

The corresponding release to the environment, exposure of workers resulting from these contributing scenarios is summarized below.

Table 2. Description of ES 3

Systematic title based on use descriptor   ERC 6C; PROC 3, 4, 5, 8A, 10, 11     Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERC     Name(s) of contributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs     PROC 3 - Use in closed batch process (synt formulation)     PROC 4 - Use in batch and other process (sopportunity for exposure arises     PROC 5 - Mixing or blending in batch process and/or significant contact)     PROC 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vecontainers at non dedicated facilities     PROC 10 - Roller application or brushing	ting, using UP/VE bonding paste,
and corresponding ERC  Name(s) of contributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs  PROC 3 - Use in closed batch process (synt formulation)  PROC 4 - Use in batch and other process (sopportunity for exposure arises  PROC 5 - Mixing or blending in batch process and/or significant contact)  PROC 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to v containers at non dedicated facilities	
corresponding PROCs  formulation)  PROC 4 - Use in batch and other process (s opportunity for exposure arises  PROC 5 - Mixing or blending in batch proc and/or significant contact)  PROC 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to v containers at non dedicated facilities	
opportunity for exposure arises  PROC 5 - Mixing or blending in batch proc and/or significant contact)  PROC 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to v containers at non dedicated facilities	ynthesis or
and/or significant contact)  PROC 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to v containers at non dedicated facilities	s (synthesis) where
containers at non dedicated facilities	rocesses (multistage
PROC 10 - Roller application or brushing	o vessels/ large
TROC 10 - Roller application of brushing	g
PROC 11 - Non industrial spraying	

## Contributing Scenario (1) controlling environmental exposure for ERC 6C

Operational conditions (referred to styrene)	
Daily amount used at site	48300 kg/day (referred to styrene)
Release times per year	300 days/year (justification: Continous release)
Local freshwater dilution factor	10
Local marine water dilution factor	100
Release fraction to air from process	0.102 %
Release fraction to wastewater from process	0.000012 %



0 %
10 %
60 %
Yes
18000 m <sup>3</sup> /day
2000000 L/day
0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002))
0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002))
0.000012 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
0.102 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
60 % (justification: Value adopted to account for worst-case European manufacturing site )
European manufacturing site )
European manufacturing site )  0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)
European manufacturing site )  0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)  Professional worker exposure for PROC 3
European manufacturing site )  0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)  professional worker exposure for PROC 3  3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)  Use in contained batch processes.
European manufacturing site )  0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)  professional worker exposure for PROC 3  3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)  Use in contained batch processes.
European manufacturing site )  0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)  professional worker exposure for PROC 3  3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)  Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring  Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory
European manufacturing site )  0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)  professional worker exposure for PROC 3  3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)  Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring  Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory
European manufacturing site )  0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)  Drofessional worker exposure for PROC 3  3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)  Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring  Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
European manufacturing site )  0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)  professional worker exposure for PROC 3  3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)  Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring  Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
European manufacturing site )  0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)  Drofessional worker exposure for PROC 3  3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)  Use in contained batch processes.  Application of chemical anchoring  Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
European manufacturing site )  0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)  Drofessional worker exposure for PROC 3  3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)  Use in contained batch processes.  Application of chemical anchoring  Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
European manufacturing site )  0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)  Drofessional worker exposure for PROC 3  3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)  Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring  Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.  liquid  100%  medium
European manufacturing site )  0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)  orofessional worker exposure for PROC 3  3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)  Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring  Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.  liquid  100%  medium



Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure		
Location	outdoors (30%)	
Domain	professional	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure		
Local exhaust ventilation	No	
Conditions and measures related to personal presects of SDS	rotection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on	
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %	
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur	
Contributing Scenario (3) controlling p	rofessional worker exposure for PROC 4	
Name of contributing scenario	4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises	
Scenario subtitle	Use in contained batch processes. Sewer relining operation	
Qualitative Risk Assessment		
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.	
Product characteristics		
Physical state	liquid	
Concentration in substance	100 %	
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium	
Frequency and duration of use		
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)	
Frequency of use	5 days / week	
Human factors not influenced by risk management		
Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>	
Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure		
Location	outdoors (30%)	
Domain	professional	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure		
Local exhaust ventilation	No	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS		
	, ••	
	Gloves APF 5 80 %	



Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)
Scenario subtitle	Material transfers; Pouring from small containers. Preparation of material for application (liquids) - transfer of material from one container to another; Formulating / blending resins, gelcoats, bonding pastes, putties etc. in blending vessels
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Use drum pumps. Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by ris	k management
Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions a	ffecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures t	o control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to sec.8 of SDS	personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness



Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities	
Scenario subtitle	Equipment maintenance; Maintenance of small items. Equipment cleaning and maintenance	
Qualitative Risk Assessment		
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.	
Product characteristics		
Physical state	liquid	
Concentration in substance	100 %	
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium	
Frequency and duration of use		
Duration of activity	15 mins to 1 hour	
Frequency of use	5 days / week	
Human factors not influenced by risk man	nagement	
Exposed skin surface	960 cm <sup>2</sup>	
Other given operational conditions affecting	ng workers exposure	
Location	indoors	
Ventilation	good (30%)	
Domain	professional	
Technical conditions and measures to cont	rol dispersion and exposure	
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS		
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %	
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur	
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness	
Contributing Scenario (6) controlling professional worker exposure for PROC 8A		
Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities	
Scenario subtitle	Disposal of wastes.  Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment	
Qualitative Risk Assessment		



General	Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.	
Product characteristics		
Physical state	liquid	
Concentration in substance	100 %	
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium	
Frequency and duration of use		
Duration of activity	15 mins to 1 hour	
Frequency of use	5 days / week	
Human factors not influenced by risk manage	ement	
Exposed skin surface	960 cm <sup>2</sup>	
Other given operational conditions affecting v	vorkers exposure	
Location	indoors	
Ventilation	good (30%)	
Domain	professional	
Technical conditions and measures to control	dispersion and exposure	
Local exhaust ventilation	yes	
Conditions and measures related to personal sec.8 of SDS	protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on	
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %	
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs	
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness	
Contributing Scenario (7) controlling professional worker exposure for PROC 10		
Name of contributing scenario	10 - Roller application or brushing	
Scenario subtitle	Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operations; Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, semi-continuous production of flat panels and laminates	
Qualitative Risk Assessment		



General	Use long handled brushes and rollers where possible Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	·
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk n	nanagement
Exposed skin surface	960 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affe	cting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to c	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (8) contro	olling professional worker exposure for PROC 10
Name of contributing scenario	10 - Roller application or brushing
Scenario subtitle	Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of repair putties; Application of bonding pastes / adhesives.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100%
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk ma	anagement
Exposed skin surface	960 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affect	ting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to co	ntrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	no
Conditions and measures related to pers	onal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	yes
Contributing Scenario (9) control	lling professional worker exposure for PROC 10
Name of contributing scenario	10 - Roller application or brushing
Scenario subtitle	Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of floorings, mastics, coatings, castings
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	



Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk i	management
Exposed skin surface	960 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affe	ecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to o	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to persec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Protective gloves	
Respiratory protection	yes
Respiratory protection  Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Respiratory protection  Local exhaust ventilation	yes Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Respiratory protection  Local exhaust ventilation  Contributing Scenario (10) cont	yes Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness rolling professional worker exposure for PROC 11
Respiratory protection  Local exhaust ventilation  Contributing Scenario (10) cont  Name of contributing scenario	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness  rolling professional worker exposure for PROC 11  11 - Non industrial spraying  Spraying; Spraying (manually) All open mould applications where resins is applied by manual spraying in an open work environement. Examples are spray lamination, gelcoat spraying and "chop-hoop"
Respiratory protection  Local exhaust ventilation  Contributing Scenario (10) cont  Name of contributing scenario  Scenario subtitle	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness  rolling professional worker exposure for PROC 11  11 - Non industrial spraying  Spraying; Spraying (manually) All open mould applications where resins is applied by manual spraying in an open work environement. Examples are spray lamination, gelcoat spraying and "chop-hoop"
Respiratory protection Local exhaust ventilation  Contributing Scenario (10) cont Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle  Qualitative Risk Assessment	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness  rolling professional worker exposure for PROC 11  11 - Non industrial spraying  Spraying; Spraying (manually) All open mould applications where resins is applied by manual spraying in an open work environement. Examples are spray lamination, gelcoat spraying and "chop-hoop" filament winding  Keep people not involved in the activity, away from the operation Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Wear suitable face shield Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Wear chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374, in combination with intensive management supervision control. Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate



Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	1 - 4 hours
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk mana	ngement
Exposed skin surface	1,500 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affecting	g workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to contr	ol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to persona sec.8 of SDS	al protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	yes
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness